Bull. Iraq nat. Hist. Mus. (1990) 8 (3) : 25-33

DESCRIPTION OF NEW SPECIES OF TERMITES (INSECTA, ISOPTERA) FROM IRAQ

S. A. Al-Alawy;* M. S. Abdul-Rassoul;** A. F. Al-Azawi***

State Board For Agriculture and water Resources Research Abu Ghraib, Baghdad.

- * Iraq Natural History Museum, Baghdad University, Baghdad.
- ••• Plant Protection Department College Of Agriculture, Baghdad University, Abu-Ghraib, Baghdad. Iras.

ABSTRACT

Two species of termitls are described as new to science from Iraq : Amitermes corpulentus sp. n. and Anacanthotermes sawensis sp. n., with two figures.

INTRODUCTION

This is the first part of our work on Iraqi termites which has been carried out in Iraq during 1984—1986.

This part present a description of two new species belonging to the families Termitidae and Hodotermitidae.

Family Termitidae

Amitermes corpulentus, sp. nov.

Soldier (Fig. 1) :

9.2

Head chrome-yellow, mandibles brown /with yellow base, antennae, pronotum pale ochraceus, mesonotum, metanotum, and legs pale-yellow; abdomen transparent. Head sparsly and body densely, hairy.

Head nearly rectangular, posterior margin some times evenly rounded, sides converging in frons; eyes and ocelli wanting; antennae with 15 segments pilose, basal segment largest, third segment much shorter than rest, last three segments elongate, terminal segment conical; mandibles sickle-shaped distinctly curved, slender, sharply pointed at tips, each with similar pointed tooth projecting downward from inner margin at approximately half way from tip to base of mandible; nearly 5 : 8 as long as head: epicrnial suturo

New species of termites

indistinct, fontanelle lying below frontal projection; clypeus with two distinct, pale white lobes; labrum short, broad, tongue-shaped.

Pronotum saddle-Shaped, usually more than half as wide as head; apical tibial spurs 3 : 2 : 2.

Measurements (in mm.) of six soliders.

Range	Mean	Holotype
2.30-2.60	2.48	2.50
sy Massim, B	dural Misto	es lead
1.50-1.75	1.61	1.60
1.45-1.55	1.50	1.50
0.80-1.00	0.88	0.80 .
0.85-1.10	0.98	1.00
0.40-0.50	0.46	0.45
0.25-0.30	0.28	0.30
0.40-0.45	0.41	0.40
0.80-0.85	0.83	0.80
1.20-1.35	1.10	1.25
	2.30 - 2.60 $1.50 - 1.75$ $1.45 - 1.55$ $0.80 - 1.00$ $0.85 - 1.10$ $0.40 - 0.50$ $0.25 - 0.30$ $0.40 - 0.45$ $0.80 - 0.85$	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 2.30 & -2.60 & 2.48 \\ \hline 1.50 & -1.75 & 1.61 \\ 1.45 & -1.55 & 1.50 \\ 0.80 & -1.00 & 0.88 \\ 0.85 & -1.10 & 0.98 \\ 0.40 & -0.50 & 0.46 \\ 0.25 & -0.30 & 0.28 \\ 0.40 & -0.45 & 0.41 \\ 0.80 & -0.85 & 0.83 \\ \end{array}$

Workers :

Head and antennae pale yellow; mandibles brown; postclypeus pale brown, abdomen transparent.

Head oval, pilose; postclypeus dome-shaped, with longitudinal shallow groove at middle; antenna with 15 segments; terminal segment conical in shape; apical tibial spurs 3:2:2.

Measurements (in mm) of seven workers.

	Range	Mean
Total body-length	5.10-6.00	5.59
Head-length to tip of labrum	1.40-1.50	1.46
Width of head	1.20-1.25	1.24
Length of postclypeus	0.20-0.40	0.29
Width of hind tibia	0.90-1.15	1.04

The soldier of A. corpulentus is close to that of A. gallagheri Chhotani (personal communication with Chhotani, 1989) in size and shape of head but differs from it for having longer and thinner mandibles and sharper and backwardly projecting tooth on each mandible. the state

S. A. Al-Alawy et al.

It is also resembling A, vilis (Hagen) and A. messinge Fuller but differs from them by the following characters :

Head capsul larger; number of antennal segments more, second segment smaller than third and fourth combined, fifth shorter than third and fourth, and both nearly equal to second segment; mandibles slender and more curved than in A. vilis and less curved than in A. messinae; middle marginal tooth pointed; apical tibial spurs 3 : 2; 2; pronotum usually larger than in A. messinae. For comparison, Harris, (1957) and Sands, (1959) were consulted. From the remaining species of the middle east it differs for its rounded head and more convex sides (Personal communication with Chhotani, 1989).

Material examined : Iraq · Arbil, Salahdden, Hejran, Ainkawa.
Holotype : Soldier, in spirit, in a vial collected on 16. vi. 1984 at Salahdden, Coll. S. A. Al-Alawy.
Morphotype : One worker, other data as in holotype.
Paratype : 14 soldiers, other data as in holotype.
Paramorphotype : (299 workers), other data as in holotype.

All these types are deposited in Iraq Natural History Museum, Baghdad except three soldiers and five workers are deposited in Zoological survey of India, culcutta, and two soldiers and ten workers are deposited in British Museum of Natural History.

Family : Hodotermitidae

Anacanthotermes sawensis sp. nov.

Soldier (Fig. 2) :

in the

Head dark yellow, browinish at base of mandibles; labrum and antennae, pale yellow; thorax glossy yellow; abdomen chrome-yellow.

Head subrectangular, lateral sides slightly curved. Y-suture present; labrum densely pilose, wider than long; with lateral sides curved; mandibles slighthy curved, saber-shaped, left somewhat larger than right. both fairly straight on outer margins, little curved on tips; left mandible with two pointed marginal teeth, projecting slightly upward from inner margin and the right mandible with first marginal tooth triangular, with less pointed tip, second blunt; antennae with 21-24 segments, second segment larger than third; ten terminal segments oval; eyes small, facetted, D-shaped; ocelli

New species of termites

spot-like, small oval, not very distinict; postmentum club-shaped.

Pronotum saddle-shaped, broad, with anterior part up-turned and posterior part flat oil. anterior margin with small notch at middle, strongly projecting foreward apical tibial spurs 3:4:4; abdomen oblong, fairly pilose. Measurements (in mm) of four soldiers.

Ŀ

Se.

which there is an an and	Range	Mean	Holotype
Length of head with mandibles.	4.20-4.80	4.43	4.40
Length of head to lateral base	2.45-2.70	2.59	2.55
of mandibles.	convex sides	and more	bood kout
Width of heard	2.20-2.50	2.35	2.30
Length of left mandibles	1.65-1.85	1.84	1.75
Maximum diameter of eye	0.20-0.25	0.23	0.20
Minimum diameter of eye	0.15	0.15	0.15
Length of labrum	0.25-0.35	0.29	0.30
Width of labrum	0.65-0.70	0.68	0.70
Length of postmentum	1.30-1.70	1.53	1.50
Width of pistmentum	0.75-0.95	0.84	0.85
Width of postmentum (at waist)	0.50-0.60	0.55	0.55
Length of pronotum	1.0 -1.10	1.05	1.00
Width of pronotum	1.50-1.70	1.63	1.60
Length of hind tibla	1.70-2.10	1.98	2.00

Workers :

.....

Body yellowish-brown in general coloration, unevenly pigmented.

Family : Modetermillidee

Head oval, widest at eyes; epicranial suture indistinct; eyes small, black, facetted; antennae with 22-25 segments, third or fourth segment smallest. Pronotum saddle-shaped with projecting corners, posterior part narrow flatly curved backward.

Measurements (in mm.) of seven workers.

one sign significant the sent me l	Range	Mean
Total body - length	6.80 10.00	8.13
Length of head to tip of mandibles	2.00-3.70	2.63
Width of head	1.70-3.10	2.20
Maximuin diameter of eye	0.25-0.30	0.26

S. A. Al-Alawy et al.

	Range	Mean
Minimum diameter of eye	0.15-0.20	0.17
Length of anteclypeus	0.25-0.40	0.34
Width of anteclypeus	0.80-1.50	1.04
Length of hind tibia	1.70-2.50	2.01

1

The soldier of A. sawensis is close to that of A. ubachi but differs from it for having smaller size and paler colour; and by absence of tubercle on the base of the right mandible, and oval shaped ten terminal segments of antennae. For comparison reference was made to Harris, (1957) and Weidner. (1960). It comes within the size range of A. vagans but has comparatively longer and thinner mandibles as compared to head; the postmentum is strongly incurved at waist (weekly incurved in vagans); and the 1st tooth of left mandible is more backwordly placed; pronotum being smaller. From ochraceus and saudiensis it differs for fewer antennal segments (23 vs 26_27 inochraceus and saudiensis. The worker major is larger than that of ubacki but is close to that of vagans in size (personal communication with Chhotani, 1989).

Material examined : Iraq : Al-Mothana (Smawa) near Sawa lake. Holotype : the holotype soldier kept in spirit, in vial, collected by S. A. Al-Alawy on 27—iv—1986, from sandy soil near Sawa Lake. Morphotype : One worker, in kept in spirit, in vial; other data as in holotype. Paratype : 9 soldiers, kept in spirit, in a vial, other data as in holotype. Paramorphotype : 39 workers, kept in spirit, in a vial; other data as in holotype.

All type specimens are deposited in Iraq Natural History Museum, Baghdad, except one solider and five workers are deposited in Zoological survey of India, calcutta.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We should like to express our thanks to Dr. D. B. Chhotani of the Zoological Survey of India for his kind confirmation of the new species and for reading and editing the manuscript. Also we should like to thank Dr. S. Bacchus of Tropical Development and Reserch Institute, U.K. for confirming the genera and some species. Finally we wish to thank Dr. H. Weidner of Hamburg, Germany for his valuable comments, and Prof. Dr. H. A. Ali of Iraq Natural History Museum for providing space and working facilities for this study, and his kind confirmation of the new species names.

New Species of termites

to relation monthly

LITERATURE CITED

- Chhoteni, D. B. and Bose, G. 1956. Insects of Saudi Arabia Isoptera (Part 2). Fauna of Saudi Arabia, 4 : 73-83.
- Harris. W.V. 1957. Isoptera. Exped. S.W. Arabia 1937—8, No. 1:421—433. London, British Museum (Nat. Hist.)
- Harris, W.V. 1967. Termites of the genus Anacanthotermes in North Africa and the Near East (Isoptera : Hodotermitidae). Proc. R. Ent. Soc. Lond., (B), 36 (5-6): 79-86.
- Sands, W. A. 1959 A revision of the termites of the genus Amitermes from the Ethopian region (Isoptera. Termitidae: Amitermitinae). Bull. Brit. Mus. (Nat. Hist.) Entomology; 8(4) 139-156.
- Weidner, H. 1960. Die Termiton von Afghanistan, Iran and Iraq (Isoptera). Sand. aus Abh. und Verh. Des Nat. Vereins in Hamburg. N. F. 4 : 43-70.

Fig. 1 — Amitermes corpulentus sp. n. Soldier (A).

head and pronotum; (B) postmentum; (C) antenna.

Comparison of corpulentus (i) with miessina (ii) and villis (iii),

(D) Left mandible. Worker (E) left mandible.

Fig. 2. - Anacanthotermes sawensts sp. n. Soldier

(A) Head and pronotum; (B) postmentum. Comparison of sawensis

(i) with ubachi (ii), (C) antenna. and with vagans (iii),

(D) mandibles. Worker (E) Left madible.

Bull. Iraq nat. Hist. Mus. (1990) 8 (3) : 25-33

وصف أنواع جديدة من الارضة في العراق ** محمد صالح عبدالرسول مسعدي عبدالمحسن العسلوي *** عبدالله فليح العزاوي الهيئة العامة للبحوث الزراعية والموارد المائية ، أبي غريب متحف التاريخ الطبيعي العراقي ، جامعة بغداد *** جامعة بغداد ، كلية الزراعة ، قسم وقاية النبات المستغلص وصفت نوعين من الارضة ، جديدة للعلم في العراق وهي Amitermes corpulentus sp. n.

Anacanthotermes sawensis sp. n.

طليليات غشائية الاجتجة على خنافس البقول في المراق مع وصف نوع جديد S. A. Al-Alaby et al. 1 В A (i) (iii) (ii) Fig.1 - Amitermes corpulentus Sp.n. Soldier (A). head and pronotum; (B) postmentum; (C) antenna . Comparison of corpulentus (i) with messinae (ii) and villis (iii), (D) Left mendible. Worker (E) left mandible .

new operies of termines

1

È

TEMATORS CITED

- Chhoteni, D. B. and Boso, G. 1956, Insocts of Saudi Azabia Isophers (Part 2). Fauna of Saudi Anabia, 4 ; 23...43.
- Harris, W.V. 1987, Isoptera, Exped. S.W. Arabia 1957...3, No. 1:421...633, London, British Museum (Nat. Hist.)
- Learns, W.V. 1967. Termines of the genus Assocanthalarmer in Morth Africa, and the Near East (Isophera Joyannilidae), Prov. R. But. Sec. Lond., (B), 36 (6....5): 78....86.
- Serfis, W. A. 1955 A revision of the transport of the genus Amilternets from the Ethopian region (hopfore: Terminidae: Amilterneticae)." Bull. Brit. Mitter. (Nat. Hist.) Entomotory; pp. 51 Jul. 186.
- S'expert H. 1960, Die Termited von Xurfatan, Iran and Iraq (beseiern) Gand, aus Abh. und Jack Le Were Vereies in Ramburg, NGS 1 : 43-70.

Fig. 1 — Anternas corpulations sp. n. Soldier (A).
head and Notions (B) postmentions (C) attenna.
Companion of corpulation (with minima (i) and utilit (iii).
(D) Left mandible Worker (C) left minima (i)
Eq. 2. — Anternation of corpulations are not soldier
(A) Heat and proposition. (B) postmention comparison of concess (i) with sherki (Fig. 2.) anternation of concess (i) with sherki (Fig. 2.) anternation of concess (ii) with sherki (Fig. 2.) anternation of concess (i) with sherki (Fig. 2.) anternation of concess (iii).

11. 1 cilitatemos angelectus 20. a. 5914 ere 11. Amiterates computeriliskest de (0) ; autrenteog (8) testonors has hase





Λ

D

E



Fig.2. <u>Anacanthotermes</u> <u>sawensis</u> sp. n. soldier (A) Head and pronotum; (B) postnotum. Comparision of <u>sawensis</u> (i) with ubachi (II), (C) antenna.and with vagans (iii), (D) mandibles. Worker (E) Left mandible.

A DEC A DEC STORE

